1. FLACOURTIA INDICA

Farmers' preferences

Franzel et al (2008) reported on a farmer preference survey in the miombo woodlands of Southern Africa that found out that *F.indica* was regarded as the fourth most important species in Malawi. The species was mentioned as important by 29% of the farmers with an average preference score of 7.4 (NB: 10 is highest score, 9 second score, etc)

Further reading

Franzel, S., Akinnifesi, F., and Ham, C. (2008). Setting priorities among indigenous fruit species: Setting priorities among indigenous fruit tree species in Africa: Examples from southern, eastern and western Africa In Akinnifesi, F.K., Leakey, R.R.B., Ajayi, O.C., Sileshi, G., Tchoundjeu, Z., Matakala, P., and Kwesiga, F.R. (eds) Indigenous Fruit Trees in Southern Africa: Domestication, Use, and Commercialisation (Wallingford, UK: CAB International), pp. 1-27.