## Azadirachta indica

Meliaceae

N.E. India, Burma

English: Neem

**Ecology:** A tree well known in its native India and now one of the most widely planted trees in

Africa and all over the tropics, in arid and semi-arid regions. It is very drought-resistant, does well on poor soils but does not withstand waterlogging. The roots grow deep and wide. This is a suitable tree for improving degraded soils. Does best in the

Valley in Eastern Province.

Uses: Firewood, charcoal, timber (furniture), poles, medicine (leaves, bark, roots), fodder

(foliage, oil seed cake), bee forage, **shade**, ornamental, soil conservation and improvement, windbreaks, **insecticide** (azadirachtin), oil (seeds), soap (seed oil).

**Description:** A fast-growing, medium-sized tree which may reach up to 20 m high, with a dense,

leafy, oval-shaped canopy, evergreen except in the driest areas. BARK: pale grey-brown, grooved. LEAVES: glossy green, crowded at the ends of branches; compound, to  $40 \, \mathrm{cm} \log$ ; each leaflet curved and long pointed, the edge roughly saw-toothed; a smaller leaflet at the leaf tip. FLOWERS: small, fragrant cream-white, hanging in long graceful sprays. FRUIT: oval yellow berries when ripe;  $2 \, \mathrm{cm} \log$ , thin-skinned

with oily pulp around 1–2 seeds.

**Propagation:** Seedlings, wildings, cuttings, direct seeding.

**Seed:** Number of seeds per kg:  $\pm 5,000$ .

**treatment:** Not necessary, sow seed immediately after collection and extraction.

**storage:** Avoid storage.

Management: Lopping, pollarding.

**Remarks:** Slow growing only the first year, then relatively fast. A most useful tree whose

cultivation should be encouraged. It is called "mwarubaini" in East Africa, meaning it can be used as medicine for 40 different diseases (Swahili: arubaini = 40). Reported to be used to treat malaria, rheumatism, stomach-ache, cough, diarrhoea, etc. The wood

is tough and resistant to decay and termites.

