Peru, Chile

Common names: English: Moon flower, angel's trumpet Luganda: Maduudu.

Ecology: A small tree from the mountains of Chile and Peru, widely

cultivated in the tropics and subtropics, including Uganda, for its

beauty, over 1,000 m.

Uses: Bee forage, ornamental, soil conservation, live fence, boundary

marking.

Description: A shrub or small tree 2-5 m, stems often crooked, succulent

when young becoming woody; dense drooping foliage. LEAVES: oval, mid-green, 15-30 cm long, softly hairy below, edge wavy, tip pointed, base often unequal-sided. FLOWERS: attractive showy white trumpets to 30 cm long, hanging down all over the shrub, funnel shaped at the mouth with an overpowering musky-sweet scent in the evening. Green calyx, 5-lobed to 12 cm, is enlarged and persistent. FRUIT: a capsule, smooth, oblong about

1 cm with numerous seeds (rarely seen).

Propagation: Cuttings, layering, rarely seedlings.

Seed: Seeds are very small and usually germinate and grow on their

own.

treatment:

storage:

Management: Cuttings take easily and the plant spreads quickly and requires

control by pruning. It forms an impenetrable hedge if properly

looked after. Fast growing in high-rainfall areas.

Remarks: Datura hybridizes easily so there are many varieties, some double,

others with cream or pinkish flowers. All parts of the plant are poisonous and have a narcotic effect—especially the seeds and leaves. (In Mexico cooked leaves are used as a medicinal poultice

and leaves and flowers are smoked to relieve asthma.)

