Eucalyptus citriodora

Myrtaceae

Eastern Queensland (Australia)

Common names: Ecology:	Eng: lemon gum, spotted gum. Swah: mkaratusi. A tall tree which is grown in a wide range of climates. In Tanzania it has been planted in several areas both in wet and dry climates at higher altitudes.
Uses:	Firewood, charcoal, timber, poles, posts, medicine (leaves), bee forage, ornamental, windbreak, essential oils (citronellal).
Description:	The tree may reach 30 m, with leafy drooping foliage, the crown rounded. Easily identified by the strong lemon scent in the leaves which perfumes the air, especially after rain. BARK: patches of grey, brown, yellow; older bark is smooth grey-white. LEAVES: very long and narrow, veins parallel to the edge. FLOWERS: smooth oval buds on stalks, white flowers. FRUIT: distinctive oblong cup-shaped, about 1 cm, in clusters.
Propagation:	Seedlings.
Seed info.:	No. of seeds per kg: 110,000-1,200,000. The species is not a prolific seeder like the other <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. Germination rate 60-90%.
treatment: storage: Management: Remarks:	not necessary. seed can be stored. Fairly fast growing; coppicing. Young seedlings are susceptible to termite attack. Large branches are brittle and break off in strong wind. It produces heavy, durable wood from the straight trunk.

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